Session of the Thirtieth Congress. [Public-No. 60.]-An Act to provide for

the United States. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of Amerstaff, or other officer, mounted militiaman, vol. the said Phillips, deceased, shall issue another jointly be, and they hereby are, authorized age shall be collected in the United States, (in mitted fo return freely, and under special prounteer, ranger, or cavalry, engaged in the military service of the United States since the eigh- and devisee of said Jacob Phillips, deceased, upon all accounts for printing, to make a pro and accounted for to the British Post Office. teenth of June, eighteen hundred and twelve, for one hundred and sixty acres in lieu of said rata reduction in the compensation allowed, or who shall hereafter be in said service, and warrant so to be returned, and shall be excelled. or to refuse the work altogether, should it be ters cannot be forwarded unless the United has sustained, or shall sustain, damage without any fault or negligence on his part, while in said service, by the loss of a horse in battle, or by the loss of a horse wounded in battle, and which has died or shall die of said wound, or being so wounded, shall be abandoned by order of his officer and lost, or shall sustain damage by the loss of any horse by death or abandonment because of the unavoidable dangers of the sea when on board an United States transport vessel, or because the United States failed to supply transportation for the horse, and the owner was compelled sities of the public service, to furnish to such by the order of his commanding officer to em- persons as may apply for the same, and who POSTAL CONVENTION WITH GREAT bark and leave him, or in consequence of the design to emigrate to the Territories either of United States failing to supply sufficient fo- Oregon, California, or New Mexico, such rage, or because the rider was dismounted and arms and ammunition, from the army stores, separated from his horse and ordered to do du- as they may require to arm themselves for By the President of the United States of America. ty on foot at a station detached from his horse, or when the officer in the immediate command ordered or shall order the horse turned out to a supply sufficient to arm and equip each pergraze in the woods, prairies, or commons, be- son of such expedition: And provided, fur- States of America and her Majesty the Queen loss of his horse, as aforesaid, shall be allow-

payment has been, or shall be, made to any

one aforesaid, for the use and risk, or for fo-

rage after the death, loss, or abandonment of

his horse, said payment shall be deducted from

the value thereof, unless he satisfied, or shall

satisfy, the paymaster at the time he made or

person who has sustained, or shall sustain, the soldier was in the line of his duty, shall damage by the capture or destruction by an be considered satisfactory evidence thereof Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, the mails between the United States and the Unienemy, or by the abandonment or destruction | without the proof now required at the Pension | by the order of the commanding general, the commanding officer or quartermaster of any horse, mule, ox, wagon, cart, boat, sleigh, or harness, while such property was in the mili. to the proper officers for said evidence, with- Knight Grand Cross of the most honorable delivered therein, according to the stipulations impressment or contract, except in cases where same. the risk to which the property would be ex- Approved March 3, 1849. posed was agreed to be incurred by the owner; and any person who has sustained, or shall sustain, damage by the death or abandonment and loss of any such horse, mule, or ox, while in the service aforesaid, in consequence of the failure on the part of the United States to furnish the same with sufficient forage, and any person who has lost, or shall lose, or has had, or shall have, destroyed by in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of States and a port in the United Kingdom, an France to enter into communication with them, unavoidable accident, any horse, mule, ox, wagon, cart, boat, sleigh, or harness, while such property was in the service aforesaid, by the joint resolution to prohibit the sale at country by which the packet conveying the newspapers, and closed mails, through the shall be allowed and paid the value thereof at private entry of certain lands in Cincinnati, letters is furnished. the time he entered the service : Provided, It shall appear that such loss, capture, abandonment, destruction, or death, was without any fault or negligence on the part of the owner of the property, and while it was actually employed in the service of the United States.

Sec. 3. And be it further enacted, That the claims provided for under this act shall be adjusted by the Third Auditor, under such rules as shall be prescribed by the Secretary of War, under the direction or with the assent of the President of the United States, as well in regard to the receipt of applications of claimand authenticated, which rules shall be such calculated to obtain the object of this act, paying a due regard as well to the claims of individuals' justice as to the interest of the United | Congress, from the termination of the first Conpublished for four weeks in such newspapers, in which the laws of the United States are having been compiled and ready for the press;

all adjudications of said Auditor upon the such debates and proceedings from the end of claims abovementioned, whether such judg- the fourth Congress until the commencement ments be in favor of or adverse to the claim, of the Register of Debates, alrealy published, for that purpose, and under his direction; and that such committee report, from time to time. when such judgments shall be in favor of such upon the propriety of subscribing for such claim, the claimant or his legal representative continuation; and that one copy of such deshall be entitled to the amount thereof, upon bates and proceedings be furnished each mem-

SEC. 5. And be it further enacted, That in all instances where any minor has been, or shall be, engaged in the military service of the United States, and was, or shall be, provided with a horse or equipments, or with military accoutrement, by his parent or guardian, and has died, or shall die, without paying for said property, and the same has been, or shall be, lost, captured, destroyed, or abandoned in the Representatives of the United States of Amer- Majesty engages to grant to the United States the United Kingdom and a foreign country : dian shall be allowed pay therefor, on making ing officers of the treasury are authorized and ish North American provinces, of the corres- United States upon newspapers to and from satisfactory proof, as in other cases, and the directed to credit pursers of the navy with pondence and newspapers from one part of the United Kingdom, passing in transit through further proof that he is entitled thereto by payments made by them for carrying on hos- the territory of the United States to any other the United States, shall be two cents for each having furnished the same.

Sec. 6. And be it further enacted. That in or with military accoutrements by any per- provided, That satisfactory vouchers are proson, the owner thereof, who has risqued, or duced to establish such payments. shall take the risque of such horse, equip-

ernment failing to supply forage, all such horses and their equipage shall be allowed and paid for, whenever the facts shall be proven. by legal and satisfactory evidence, whether [Resolution-Public-No. 11]-A Resolut Kingdom, or through any country where the ounces in weight, one penny. oral or written, that such condemned horse and the equipage was turned over to a quartermaster of the army, whether any receipt therefor was given and produced or not.

ROB'T C. WINTHROP, Speaker of the House of Representatives. G. M. DALLAS. Vice President of the United States, and President of the Senate. Approved March 3, 1849.

JAMES K. POLK.

James Hotchkiss. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of and mean "State." Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled. That James Hotchkiss be, and he is hereby, authorized to enter [RESOLUTION-PUBLIC-No. 12]-Joint Resat the Chicago land office, in the State of Illinois, at the minimum price, the northeast quarter of section thirty-one, in township thirty-

land district that there are no adverse or other

thereof. Approved March 3, 1849.

Peter M. Grant. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Commissioner of the General Land Office, on Peter M. the payment of horses and other property Grant's returning to that office land warrant lost or destroyed in the military service of No. thirty thousand and ninety-one, for one left no kin entitled by law to the said land Approved March 2, 1849.

California, and New Mexico.

sentatives of the United States of America in sion of Congress Congress assembled, That the Secretary of Approved March 3, 1849. War be, and he is hereby, authorized, at his discretion, and having due regard to the necessuch expedition: Provided, That the arms and ammunition so furnished shall not exceed cause the United States failed, or shall fail, ther, That before the same are delivered, the of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and shall be satisfied that the persons so applying forty-eight, which convention is, word for tive of and beyond the sea rate upon such leted and paid the value thereof, not to exceed really and bona fide design them for the use word, as follows: two hundred dollars : Provided, That if any aforesaid.

Approved March 2, 1849.

hundred and forty-eight.

shall make the payment, or thereafter show, by proof, that he was remounted, in which case the deduction shall only extend to the time he was on foot : And provided, also, tions for pensions by the widows of deceased is to say: If any payment shall have been, or shall heresoldiers, under the act of July twenty-first, after be, made to any person abovementioned, on account of clothing to which he was not eighteen hundred and forty-eight, the returns on the rolls of the deceased of which the sol-SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That any nature of the disease it was contracted while jesty office, and that it shall be the duty of the

sury further time to make the report con- concluded the following articles: cerning the sale and entry of certain lands in Cincinnati.

Ohio, approved March third, one thousand eight hundred and forty-seven.

Approved March 3, 1849. [RESOLUTION-PUBLIC-No. 9.]-Joint Reso- to the United States, or brought from the Uni- States, addressed to the British North Ameri- to judge which is the genuine and original, and lution authorizing the Secretary of the Sen- ted States, and delivered in the United King- can provinces, or vice versa, when not con- of the honesty of the men who are employed in ate and Clerk of the House of Representa- dom, whether such letters shall be conveyed veyed by sea, shall be charged according to selling it as the original Dr Townsend's Sarsapatives to subscribe for a thousand copies of by British or by United States packets, an in-

mittee, on behalf of Congress, for one thou- of five cents. sand copies of the debates and proceedings of til the end of the fourth Congress, the same published, as the Secretary of War shall direct. and that the Joint Library Committee be di-SEC. 4. And be it further enacted, That in rected to examine any further compilation of than the whole combined rate.

> ject to the further order of Congress. Approved March 3, 1849.

[RESOLUTION-PUBLIC-No. 10.]-Joint Resas to expenditures made in pursuance of Kingdom and the United States.

with that republic, whether the expenditures rates not exceeding the rates of inland postage | Article 17. Periodical works, not of daily

Sec. 2. And be it further resolved, That ev- their transit. ments, or military accoutrements on himself, ery disbursement of public moneys, or dispotured, destroyed, or abandoned in the manner commanding officer of the navy, which shall closed mails, through the United States, or have charged before mentioned, such owner shall be allow- he objected to by the accounting officer of the through any country where the post commued pay therefor, on making satisfactory proof, treasury in the settlement of the accounts of nication may be under the control or manage- open at the sides or end, so that they may be as in other cases, and the further proof that any disbursing officer, shall, nevertheless, be ment of the United States, of letters and news- easily examined. he is entitled thereto, by having furnished the allowed to such disbursing officer, and the papers forwarded from the United Kingdom, same, and having taken the risque on himself. | commanding officer, by whose order such dis. | its colonies, or possessions, to any other Brit-SEC. 7. And be it further enacted, That in bursement or disposal was made, shall be held ish colony or possession, or to any foreign all cases where horses have been condemned accountable for the same: Provided, That country, and from any foreign country or Brifitness for service, in consequence of the gov- payment of public moneys or disposal of pub- dom, its colonies or possessions. Approved March 3, 1849.

in the State of Wisconsin. ica in Congress assembled, That the word possession of the United States, to the United to sixteen ounces, (the limit imposed on the "territory," in the second section of the act States, their colonies or possessions. entitled "An act for changing the location of Article 9. When letters shall be forwarded the land office in the Chippewa land district, in closed mails under the stipulations of arti- an ounce being reckoned as a full ounce. and establishing an additional land district in cles v. vI, vII, or vIII of the present conven-[Public-No. 61.]—An Act for the relief of the State of Wisconsin," approved at the pre-

Approved March 3, 1849.

General Navy Register and Laws. Resolved by the Senate and House of Putation. kiss, at the time of said entry and purchase, ry of the Navy be instructed to purchase and render an account of the letters and newspa- for periodical works by article 17. shall satisfy the register and receiver of said pay, out of the contingent fund of his depart. pers sent or received in such closed mails, and Article 19. In consideration of claimants to said tract of land, or to any part Mechlin and Winder's General Navy Register due thereon.

[Public-No. 62-]-An Act for the benefit of and that the work be distributed to such offi- tended to pass in transit thro' the United King- eighty-four cents to the pound sterling; and cers: Provided, however, That the cost shall of not exceed three dollars per copy. Approved March 3, 1849.

tion relative to the public printing. Resolved by the Senate and House of Reprehundred and sixty acres of land, and furnish- sentatives of the United States of America in et or inland. ing satisfactory evidence that Jacob Philips | Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Senate, and the Clerk of the House, and the furnish arms and ammunition to persons August 3, 1846: Provided, That the author Office. emigrating to the Territories of Oregon, ity hereby conferred shall only be exercised during the next recess of Congress, and shall Resolved by the Senate and House of Repre- cease at the commencement of the next ses-

TREATY.

BRITAIN, CONCLUDED DECEMBER 15, 1848.

A PROCLAMATION. Whereas a convention between the United the United States.

The United States of America and her Ma- article 1. esty, the Queen of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, being desirous to ted States Post Office upon letters arriving in tentiaries have signed the same, and have af-RESOLUTION-PUBLIC-No. 7.]-Joint Reso- promote the friendly relations existing be- the United States, either by British or by Uni- fixed thereto the seals of their arms. lution relative to evidence in applications tween their respective citizens and subjects, ted States packets, from the United Kingdom, for pensions by widows of deceased soldiers by placing the communications by post be and to be forwarded through the United States ber, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight under the act of July twenty-first, eighteen tween the territories of the United States and to the colonies or possessions of the United hundred and forty-eight. Resolved by the Senate and House of Re- liberal and advantageous footing, have resol- territories which, according to the law of the presentatives of the United States of America ved to conclude a convention for this purpose, United States, are beyond the limit of their esin Congress assembled, That in all applica- and have named as their plenipotentiaries, that tablished post routes, or to foreign countries,-

with the advice and consent of the Senate ken by the United States Post Office upon letentitled by law, such payment shall be deduc- on the rolls of the deceased of which the sol- ted from the value of his horse or accourted from the value of his horse or accourted from such colonies, possessions, territories, or of America at the Court of St. James, and the geon General founded thereon, that from the ister plenipotentiary to her Britannic Ma- foreign countries respectively, when posted Right Honorable Henry John Viscount Pal-

right honorable Henry John Viscount Palmerston, Baron Temple, a Peer of Ireland, a mem-Commissioner of Pensions, in all cases of ap- ber of her Britannic Majesty's most honorable plication for pensions under said act, to apply Privy Council, a member of Parliament.

Who, after having communicated to each article I [RESOLUTION-PUBLIC-No. 8.]-Joint Reso- other their respective full powers, found in lution granting to the Secretary of the Trea- good and due form, have agreed upon and stipulations, letters and newspapers passing

Resolved by the Senate and House of Re- weight, conveyed either by United States or by country and the United Kingdom. But the presentatives of the United States of America British packets, between a port in the United the two contracting parties agree to invite the Treasury have until the next session of uniform sea rate of eight-pence, or sixteen without loss of time, in order to effect such Congress to make the report required of him cents; and such postage shall belong to the arrangements for the conveyance of letters and

letters not exceeding half an ounce in weight, countries. posted in the United Kingdom, and forwarded a further publication of the debates and pro- land postage rate of one penny half penny.

There shall be charged by the Post Office of ceedings of Congress, and for other purpothe United States, upon all letters not exceed-Resolved by the Senate and House of ing half an ounce in weight, posted in the Uni-

country and delivered in the other, these rates mitted to pay less than the whole rate. States; which rules and regulations shall be gress, where the present publication stops, un- of postage, both sea and inland, shall be com- Article 15. The rates to be taken on news-

for charging inland rates of postage.

to the United Kingdom the transit in closed United Kingdom. the production of a copy thereof, certified by ber of the present Congress, and the residue mails, through the territory of the United There shall be no accounts between the two to the United Kingdom, at the rate of inland ulations. postage to be charged under this convention olution for the relief of pursers in the navy, for letters and newspapers between the United ged in the United Kingdom upon newspapers his old days, and that if Sarsaparilla under the would bear the most distant resemblance to S. P. Town-

tilities against Mexico, during the late war part of the territory of the United States, at newspaper,

mitted to accompany the closed mails during | namely :

on her part, to grant to the United States the as follows: transit in closed mails, through the United 1st For every work not exceeding two land office in the Chippewa land district, ters and newspapers forwarded from the Uni- pence. and establishing an additional land district ted States, their colonies, or possessions, to Resolved by the Senate and House of States, or to any foreign country, and from eight pence. Representatives of the United States of Amer- any foreign country, or from any colony or

States, as the case may be, shall be made by exceed the rates to be charged in the United the ounce, according to the net weight of the Kingdom. letters, at two rates to the ounce, with the addition of twenty-five per cent. on the amount otherwise be sustained by this mode of com

dom, shall be delivered to the British Post Ofer packet or inland; and letters from foreign dred and eighty cents to the pound sterling. countries addressed to the United States, pass-RESOLUTION-PUBLIC-No. 13.]-A Resolu- ing in transit through the United Kingdom, Office free of all British postage, whether pack-

In the case of those countries to which letters cannot be forwarded unless the British land warrant to said Peter M. Grant, executor and empowered to examine, audit, and pass addition to the United States rates of postage,) tection, to their respective ports.

In the case of those countries to which letinferior to the standard, and in all things to States postage be paid in advance, such United possess the same power over the public print- States postage shall be collected in the United RESOLUTION-PUBLIC-No. 6-1-A Resolu- ing as is conferred upon the Joint Committee Kingdom, (in addition to the British postage,) other, together with all other measures of detion authorizing the Secretary of War to on Printing by the joint resolution approved and accounted for to the United States Post tail arising out of the stipulations of the pres-

> in the United Kingdom from the United States, exchange of the ratifications of the present either by British or United States packets, and | convention. to be forwarded through the United Kingdom to colonies or possessions of the United King- mentioned in the present article may be modidom, or of the United States, or to foreign fied by the two Post Offices whenever, by mucountries, - and vice versa, - shall be the same tual consent, those offices shall have decided as the rate which is now, or which may here- that such modification would be beneficial to after be, taken by the British Post Office up- the Post Office service of the two countries. on letters to or from such colonies or possessions, or foreign countries respectively, when cluded for an indefinite period. It cannot be posted at the port of arrival or delivered at the annulled by either of the two governments, port of departure of the packets conveying except after the expiration of a year's notice the mails between the United Kingdom and given to the other government.

> ters payable according to the stipulations of as possible after the exchange of the ratifica-

The rate of postage to be taken by the Unithose of her Britannic Majesty upon a more States, or of the United Kingdom, or to those and vice versa, -shall be the same as the rate The President of the United States, by and which is now, or which may hereafter be, taat the port of arrival or delivered at the port

> The above postage is irrespective of and beyond the inland rate to be taken in the United Kingdom upon such letters, if posted or letters payable according to the stipulations of

There shall be excepted from the above through the United Kingdom, to and from Article 1. There shall be charged upon France, as to which certain rates are fixed by territories of the United States, of the United Article 2. There shall be charged by the Kingdom, and of France, respectively, as may Post Office of the United Kingdom, upon all be most conducive to the interests of the three

Article 13. Letters posted in the United vinces, for inland letters.

Representatives of the United States of Amer- ted States and forwarded to the United King- United States, and addressed to the British is manufacturing at present 5,000 bottles per day. ants as the species and degree of evidence, the ica in Congress assembled, That the Secretary dom, or brought from the United Kingdom, North American provinces, or vice versa, the We use more Sarsaparilla and Yellow Dock in our The medicine you pre-eminently need manner in which such evidence shall be taken of the Senate and Clerk of the House of Rep. and delivered in the United States, whether rates of postage fixed by the preceding article establishment each day than all the other Sarsaresentatives are hereby authorized to subscribe, such letters shall be conveyed by United States shall be combined into one rate, of which pay- parilla manufacturers in the world. Principal ofas in the opinion of the President shall be best under the direction of the Joint Library Com- or by British packets, an inland postage rate ment in advance shall be optional, both in the fice, 126 Fulton street. United States and in the British North Amer-Article 3. Upon all letters posted in one ican provinces It shall, however, not be per-

bined into one rate, of which payment in ad- papers published in the United Kingdom, vance shall be optional in either country. It when conveyed between the United Kingdom shall, however, not be permitted to pay less and the United States, either by British or hy United States packets, shall be one penny for Article 4. With respect to letters above the each newspaper in the United Kingdom, and weight of half an ounce, each country shall two cents in the United States Conversely, be at liberty to employ, as regards the collec- no higher charges than those above stated shall be entered in a book provided by him from eighteen hundred and twenty four; and tion of the whole combined rate, the scale of shall be made by the British or by the United progression in operation in its own territory States Post Office, or newspapers published in the United States, either when despatched Article 5. The United States engage to grant from that country, or when delivered in the er, with whom said Townsend dealt. That said deranged circulations, and nearly all the aiments which

said Auditor, at the Treasury of the United be deposited in the library of Congress, sub- States, of the correspondence and newspapers offices for the transmission of newspapers: of Sarsaparilla to be sold under the name of Dr from the United Kingdom to the British North each office shall retain the postage it shall Jacob Townsend. American provinces, and from those provinces | have charged, according to the preceding stip-

Article 16. The rate of postage to be char ed to make some money in order to live easy in to and from the United States, passing in tranname of Townsend sold so well, and so much moDr. such a mountain load of complaints and criminations orders during the war with Mexico, and for other purposes.

A British officer shall be permitted to acompany the closed mails during their transit.

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British officer shall be permitted to acompany the closed mails during their transit.

British officer shall be permitted to acompany the closed mails during their transit. Article 6. On the other hand, Her Britannic lower rate is provided by any treaty between name being Townsend,) if he could get a capable that S. P. Townsend's article and Old Dr. Jacob Townsend. manner before mentioned, said parent or guar- ica in Congress assembled, That the account- the transit in closed mails, through the Brit- and the rate of postage to be charged in the

all instances where any person other than a were made on land or water: Provided, The now charged, or to be hereafter charged, in publication, posted in the United Kingdom or minor has been, or shall be, engaged in the said payment shall have been made under or- the North American provinces, according to in the United States, may be forwar ed from military service aforesaid, and has been, or ders of the naval officer in command, and ap- the distance such closed mails may be con- one country to the other, either by British or shall be, provided with a horse or equipment, proved by the Secretary of the Navy: And veyed within the North American provinces. by United States packets, by means of the An officer of the United States shall be per- two offices, under the following conditions,

1st. There shall be no accounts between the Article 7. The United States further engage two offices for the transmission of such works: and the same has been, or shall be, lost, cap. sal of public stores, made by order of any to grant to the United Kingdom the transit in each office shall retain the postage it shall

3dly. They shall be in every respect subject to the conditions prescribed by the laws and regulations of both countries

by a board of officers, on account of their un- satisfactory evidence of such order, and of the tish colony or possession, to the United King- well on the above-mentioned works addressed after the recipe furnished by deponent to Jacob to the United States, as on those from the Uni | Townsend, as aforesaid. Article 8. Her Britanic Majesty engages, ted States addressed to Great Britain, shall be

> tion to fix the meaning of the second section post communication may be under the control 2dly. For every work above two ounces in of an act for changing the location of the or management of the United Kingdom, of let- weiht, and not exceeding three ounces, six-

> > 3dly. For every work above three ounces any other colony or possession of the United in weight, and not exceeding four ounces, 4thly And for every ounce above four up

> > > transmission of such articles by the British

office.) two pence additional, every traction of The rates to be levied by the Post Office of the United States on similar works, addressed sent session of Congress, be construed to be fice of the United Kingdom or of the United to or coming from the United States, shall not rects, in such cases made and provided.

Article 18. Printed pamphlets not exceeding the weight of eight ounces, posted in the olution for the purchase of copies of the of postage, to compensate the loss that would United Kingdom or in the United States, may be forwarded from one country to the other, either by British or by United States packets,

ment, for a sufficient number of copies of Mechlin and Winder's General Navy Register and Laws, to supply one copy to each commissioned officer now in the naval service; States, addressed to foreign countries, and in- Post Office at the rate of four hundred and May 17, 1849-[36-tf-

the United States Post Office shall account to fice free of all United States postage, wheth- the British Post Office at the rate of four hun-

Article 20. In case of war between the two nations, the mail packets of the two offices shall be delivered to the United States Post shall continue their navigation without impediment or molestation until six weeks after part of either of the two governments, and de- MAL OLD Dr. Jacob Townsend's Sarsaparilla, having on warrant, in consideration of the services of clerk of the Joint Committee on Printing, postage be paid in advance, such British post- discontinued; in which case they shall be per-

Article 21. The forms in which the accounts between the respective Post Offices for the transmission and conveyance of letters are to be made out, the time and mode in which payment shall be made by either Post Office to the ent convention, shall be settled between the Article 12. The rate of postage to be taken | Post Office of the United States and the Britby the British Post Office upon letters arriving | ish Post Office, as soon as possible after the

It is also agreed that the measures of detail Article 22. The present convention is con-

Article 23. The present convention shall The above postage is irrespective of and be ratified by the President of the United beyond the inland rate to be taken in the Uni- States, by and with the advice and consent of to supply sufficient forage, and the loss was actual cost to the Government of such arms Ireland was concluded and signed at London, ted States upon such letters, if posted or deliv- the Senate thereof, and by her Britannic Ma or shall be consequent thereof, or for the loss and ammunition shall first be paid to the Uni- on the fifteenth day of December, in the year ered therein, according to the stipulations of jesty; and the ratifications shall be exchanged of necessary equipage, in consequence of the ted States; and that the Secretary of War of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and article II of this convention, and also irrespec- at London within three months from the date

In witness whereof, the respective plenipo-

Done at London the fifteenth day of Decem-

GEORGE BANCROFT, [L. s] PALMERSTON,

And whereas the said convention has been duly ratified on both parts, and the respective ratifications of the same were exchanged at London, on the 26th day of January last, by George Bancroft, Envoy Extraordinary and thereof, George Bancroft, a citizen of the Uni-And her Majesty the Queen of the United of departure of the packets conveying the Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, on the RUP." But such is not the article known as the part of their respective governments :

Now, therefore, be it known that I, JAMES K. POLK, President of the United States of America, have caused the said convention to be made public, to the end that the same, and tary service of the United States, either by out requiring the applicant to furnish the Order of the Bath, and her Britannic Majes. of article II of this convention, and also irrety's principal Secretary of State for Foreign spective of and beyond the searate upon such served and fulfilled with good faith by the United States and the citizens thereof.

In witness whereof, I have hereunto hand, and caused the seal of the United States

Done at the city of Washington, this fifday of February, in the year of our all letters not exceeding half an ounce in the postal convention existing between that [L. s.] forty-nine, and in the seventy-third of the independence of the United States. JAMES K. POLK.

By the President: JAMES BUCHANAN, Secretary of State.

EXPOSE.

BY reading the following affidavit, the public will learn the origin or rather where the recipe for making the stuff they call Old Dr Jacob Townsend's Sarsaparilla came from-and will be able the rates of postage which are now, or which rilla. Dr S. P. Townsend was the original proshall hereafter be in operation in the United prietor and inventor of Dr Townsend's Sarsopa-States, and in the British North American pro- rilla, and his medicine has gained a reputation that no other remedy ever gained. He manufac-Article 14. Upon all letters posted in the tured over one million of bottles the last year, and

kead the Affidavit.

City and County of New York, ss. William Armstrong of said city being duly sworn, doth depose and say that he is a practical Druggist and Chemist. That some time in the latter part of May, or first of June, 1848, a man by the name of Jacob Townsend, who at that time was a book and pamphlet pedlar, called upon de the office of Theodore Foster, Esq., book publish- irritating and inflaming the delicate tissues upon which is Townsend had had frequent conversations with afflict human nature. deponent respecting the manufacture of an article

That said Townsend stated he was an old man and poor, and was not fit for hard labor, and wishsaid Townsend if he was related to Dr S P Townsend, to which he replied that he knew Dr S. P. would be down on him after he should commence; but that he did not care for him, as he had formed a copartnership with men who could furnish the equisite amount of capital-and was well prepared to defend himself against any attack that might

Deponent further says that pursuant to the request of said Jacob Townsend, he wrote a recipe for the manufacture of a Syrup of Saisaparilla and gave it to him. Said Townsend observed that he wanted to make a specimen to exhibit to his partners for their approval, as he wished to gratify them in every thing, as they furnished all the capital :-- said Townsend also told deponent that the 2dly. They must be sent in bands or covers bottles they were to use were to be of the same bosom, to restore health and bloom, and vigor into the crushed and broken, and to banish infirmity that OLD DR. size and shape as Dr S. P.'s, and deponent, at the JACOB TOWNSEND has SOUGHT and FOUND the oprequest of said Jacob Townsend, went to the office of Dr S. P. and procured one of his labels.

And deponent further says that he has been informed and verily believes the Syrup of Sarsapa-rilla sold as Old Dr Jacob Townsend's, is made Transcendent Power to Heal. The rates to be levied in Great Britain, as rilla sold as Old Dr Jacob Townsend's, is made

And further deponent saith not. WILLIAM ARMSTRONG. Sworn to before me, this 24th day of May, 1849, C. S. WOODHULL. Mayor of the city of New York.

TAKE NOTICE.

June 1, 1849-[38-tf

will and testament of the said Levy Jones, Sen., deceased, should not be recorded, as the law di-

H B. JONES, Executor. June 1, 1849-[38-6w

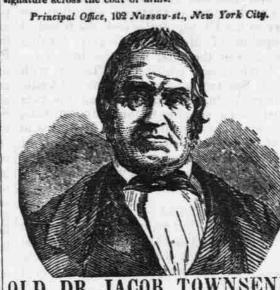
TAILORING.

THE subscriber has resumed his business Wilmington, and will carry on the Tailoring Business in all its various branches. He is in nine north, and range eight east, of the third principal meridian: Provided, That said Hotchica in Congress assembled, That the Secretathat he can please the taste of the most fastidious Article 19. In consideration of two cents A trial is all that he askes to convince the most S. R. ROBBINS.

CAUTION EXTRA

A man by the name of CLAPP has engaged with young man of the name of S. P. Townsend, and uses-his name to put up a Sarsaparilla, which they call Dr. Townsend's Sarsaparilla, denominating it GENUINE, Original, etc. This Townsend is no doctor, and never was; but was formerly a worker on railroads, canals, and the like. Yet he assumes the title of Dr., for the purpose of gaining credit for what he is not. This is to caution the public not to be a notification shall have been made on the deceived, and purchase none but the GENUINE ORIGIlivered to the other, that the service is to be it the Old Dr's. likeness, his family coat of arms, and his

Principal Office, 102 Nassau-st., New York City.



THE ORIGINAL DISCOVERER OF THE

Genuine Townsend Sarsaparilla. Old Dr. Townsend is now about 70 years of age, and has long been known as the AUTHOR and DISCOVERER of the GENUINE ORIGINAL "TOWNSEND SARSAPARILLA." Being poor, he was compelled to limit its manufacture, by which means it has been kept out of mar-ket, and the sales circumscribed to those only who had proved its worth, and known its value. It had reached the ears of many, nevertheless, as those persons who had been healed of sore diseases, and saved from death, pro-tlaimed its excellence and wonderful HEALING POWER.

Knowing, many years ago, that he had, by his skill, science and experience, devised an article which would be of incalculable advantage to mankind when the means would be furnished to bring it into universal notice, when its inestimable virtues would be known and appreciated. This time has come, the means are supplied; this GRAND AND UNEQUALIED PREPARATION is manufactured on the largest scale, and is called for throughout the length and breadth of the land, especially as it is found incapable of degeneration or deterioration. Unlike young S. P. Townsend's, it improves with age, and never changes, but for the better: because it is prepared on retentific principles by a scientific man. The highest knowledge of Chemistry, and the latest discoveries of the art, have all been brought into requisition in the manufacture of the Old Dr's Sarsaparilla. The Sersaparilla root, it is well known to medical men, contains many medicinal properties, and some properties which are inert or useless, and others, which if retained in preparing it for use, produce fermentation and acid, which is injurious to the system Some of the properties of Sarsaparilla are so volatile, that they entirely evaporate and are lost in the preparation, if they are not preserved by a scientific process, known only se experienced in its manufacture. colutile principles, which fly off in vapor, or as an exhalaion, under heat, are the very essential medical properties

Any person can boil or stew the root till they get a dark solored liquid, which is more from the coloring matter in the root than from any thing else; they can then strain merston, her Britannic Majesty's Principal this Insipid or vapid figul I, sweeten with sour molasses, and then call it "SARSAPARILLA EXTRACT or SY-GENUINE OLD DR. JACOB TOWNSEND'S

SARSAPARILLA. prepared, that all the inert properties of the Barsaparilla root are first removed, every thing capable of then every particle of medical virtue is secured in a pure and concentrated form; and thus it is rendered incapable of losing any of its valuable and healing properties. Prepared in this way, it is made the most powerful agent in the

Cure of innumerable diseases. CONSUMPTION. DYSPEPSIA, and LIVER COM-PLAINT, and in RHEUMATISM, SCROFULA, PILES, COSTIVENESS, all CUTANEOUS ERUP. so far gone as to unfit him for business is entirely re-TICNS, PIMPLES, BLOCTHES, and all affections stored with the prospect now before him of life, health

IMPURITY OF THE BLOOD. It possesses a marvellous efficacy in all complaints arising from Indigestion, from Acidity of the Stomack, from unequal circulation, determination of blood to the head, palpitation of the heart, cold feet and hands, cold chills and hot flashes over the body. It has not its equal in Colds and Coughs; and promotes easy expectoration and gentle perspiration, relaxing stricture of the lungs, throat, and every other part, But in nothing is its excellence more manifestly seen and acknowledged than in all kinds and stages of FEMALE COMPLAINTS.

It works wonders in cases of Finor Albus or Whites. Fall-

ing of the Wond. Obstructed, Suppressed, or Painful Menses, Irregularity of the menstrum periods, and the like; and is as effectual in curing all the forms of Kidney Diseases. By removing obstructions, and regulating the general system, it gives tone and strength to the whole body, and thus cures all forms of Nervous diseases and debility, and thus prevents or relieves a great variety of other mala dies, as Spinal irritation, Neurolgia, St. Vitus' Dance It cleanses the blood, excites the liver to healthy action, ones the stomach, and gives good digestion, relieves the

bowels of torpor and constipation, allays inflammation,

purifies the skin, equalises the circulation of the blood

producing gentle warmth equally all over the body, and the insensible perspiration; relaxes all strictures and tight ness, removes all obstructions, and invigorates the entire nervous system. Is not this then But can any of these things be said of S. P. Townsend's nferior article? This young man's liquid is not to be COMPARED WITH THE OLD DR'S,

because of one GRAND FACT, that the one is INCAPA BLE of DETERIORATION, and NEVER SPOILS, while the other DOES; souring, fermenting, and blewing the bottles containing it into fragments; the sour, acid liquid exploding, and damaging other goods! Must not this horrible compound he poisonous to the system?—What! put acid into a system already diseased with acid! What causes Dyspepsia but acid? Do we not all know that when food sours in our stomachs, what mischiefs it produces ? flatulence, heartburn, palpitation of the heart, liver complaint diarrhoa, dysentery, colic, and corruption of the blood? What is Scrofula but an acid humor in the body? What ponent at the house of Mr Thompson, No. 42 Hudson street, where deponent boarded, and requested deponent to write him a recipe by which to make a Syrup of Sarsaparilla. Deponent further says, that he became acquainted with said Townsend at which insinuates itself between the joints and elsewhere. deranged circulations, and nearly all the ailments which

worse to use this SOURING, FERMENTING, ACID "COM-POUND" OF S. P. TOWNSEND, and yet he would fain have it understood that Old Dr. Jacob l'ownsend's Genuine Original Sarsaparilla, is an IMITA-FION of his inferior preparation!

person to prepare a recipe and manufacture it for send's Sarsaparilla are heaven-wide apart, and infinitely dis-him. Deponent in one of the conversations asked not one single thing in common.

As S. P. Townsend is no doctor, and never was, is no chemist, no pharmaceutist-knows no more of medicine of disease than any other common, unscientific, unprofessional man, what guarantee can the public have that they are re-

> capable of changes which might render them the AGENTS But what else should be expected from one who knows a person of some experience to cook and serve up even t the persons who manufacture medicine, designed for WEAK STOMACHS AND ENFEEBLED SYSTEMS, should know well the medical properties of plants, the best manner of securing and concentrating their healing

> ceiving a genuine scientific medicine, containing all the

which affect the human system, and how to adapt remedies It is to arrest frauds upon the unfertunate, to pour balm

portunity and means to bring his Grand Universal Concentrated Remedy within the reach, and to the knowledge of all who seed it,

DR. JACOB TOWNSEND. New York, Oct. 5, 1848. Sir: -On the 20th of July, 1847, I was again attacked with rheumatism, and continued, under various prescriptions to grow worse for at least two me entirely helpless, incapable of feeding myself, or turning in bed, or helping myself any way. In this state I continued antil January, 1848, when I began to mend a little and iraprove gradually till the 1st May. This amendment was only so far as to be able to feed myself, though still incapa-ble of getting in or out of bed, or even turning in bed. I re-mained in this condition, with little or no change, until I fairly despaired of getting about again this season. On the 21st July. I was induced to try your Sarsaparilla; on the 24th, three days after taking the first dose, I AROSE IN BED, which I had not done before in ten months, and in

WILLIAM JONES, a non-resident of North
Carolina, and one of the heirs of Levy Jones, Sen.,
deceased, is hereby notified to appear at the next
Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions, to be held
for the County of Bloden at the County of Pleas and Resident the county of Residence to the Park;
thence to Lovejoy's Hotel and back. I have been to 85
Nassau street two different times, and am now fre uently piece of Furniture suitable for the Parlor or Lifor the County of Bladen, at the Court House in Elizabethtown, on the first Monday in August next, and show cause if any he has, why the last nearly recovered from obstruction of water, which gave me great distress. The pain in my back has likewise left me. I and my family have no earthly reason to ascribe my re

oLD DR. JACOB TOWNSEND'S SARSAPARILLA.

ALEX. WELSH, 36 Spruce st.

P. S.—Several able physicians despaired of my ever walk ing or even raising myself from my bed again. Principal Office 102 Nassau-str t. N. Y. City For sale in Wilmington, N. C., by WM. H. LIPPITT,

Druggist and Chemist. March 2, 1849-[25-1y A CERTAIN CURE FOR CHOLERA AND DIARRHEA.

WE have just received another supply of tha most excellent Syrup, for the certain cure of the Cholera and Diarrhsa. PERRIN & HARTSFIELD.

Law Notice.

NHE subscriber has resumed the duties of his profession, and will be found at his office on on's basement.

the corner of Second and Princess streets, Nix. ED. CANTWELL. Wilmington, N. C., March, 1849. . Having established an Agency in the city Washington, he is prepared to give prompt at-

tention to all claims for Extra Pay, Mileage, Subsistence, &c., growing out of the late wars with Mexico and Great Britain, and under the various Pensions and Bounty Laws passed to encourage enlistments in the Regular Army and Volunteer

FITS! FITS!! FITS!!!

ID R. HART'S VEGETABLE EXTRACT. The astonishing success which has attended the use of this invaluable medicine for Epileptic Fits, (or falling sickness.) spasms, convulsions, &c., renders it the most valuable medicine ever discovered. In fact, as a remedy for the above diseases it stands unrivalled and alone. There is no other reliable remedy. It has been said that Epilepsy is incurable. This, however, is not the fact. Dr. Hart's Vegetable Extract has and is constantly curing this distressing complaint, as the following testimony received from physicians and others will show.

Judge Randall, 156 Henry street, New York, having used the Vegetable Extract successfully in his family, highly recommends it to all persons who are afflicted with Fits.

Mr. Stephen F. Pratt, corner of Sixth Avenue and Twenty-sixth street, New York, states that Mr. Chas. H. Boughton, a member of his family. has been so severely afflicted with Eprestic Fits for many years, that he was obliged to relinquist his business. Having used Dr. Hart's Vegetable Extract (says Mr. Pratt) he was soon restored to perfect health, and left this city for the State of Ohio to resume his business.

Rev. Mr. Smith, Rector of St. Peters Church. Spotswood, New Jersey, who has been afflicted with Epileptic Fits for more than forty years, states that he has used Dr. Hart's Vegetable Extract and his health has been so much improved that he hopes by Divine blessing, to have no more

Epileptic Fits, of twenty-seven years and six months, cured by the use of this truly wonderful medicine.-Read the following remarkable case of the son of Wm. Secore, Esq., of Philadelphia, afflicted with Epileptic Fits twenty-seven years and six months. After travelling through England, Scotland, Germany and France, consulting the most eminent physicians, and expending for medicine, medical treatment and advice three thousand dollars, returned with his son to this country in November last, without receiving any benefit whatever, and was cured by using Hart's Vegetable Extract.

[Mr William Secore's Letter to Dr. Hart.] I have spent over three thousand dollars for medicine and medical attendance. I was advised to take a tour to I consulted the most eminent physicians there in re-spect to his case; they examined him and prescribed accordingly. I remained there three months without perceiving any change for the better, which cost me ut two hundred and fifty dollars, pocketed by the hysicians, and the most that I received was their one ion that my son's case was hopeless, and positively in curable. I accordingly left England, travelled through Scotland. Germany and France, and returned home in the month of November last, with my son as far from being cured as when I 'eft. I saw your advertisement in one of the New York papers, and concluded to try Hart's Vegetable Extract, seeing your statements and years standing, and I can assure you I am not sorry I do so, as by the use of Hart's Vegetable Extract alone be so far gone as to unfit him for business is entirely re-6 months of this time has been ufflicted with this most dreadful of diseases, but thank God is now enjoying good health. Now, sir. faith without works I don't be lieve in. To say I shall be ever grateful to you is on thing, and as I here enclose you one hundred dollars, have no doubt but you will think this another and quite different thing The debt of gratitude I still owe you but please accept this amount as interest on the debt In reference to the almost miraculous efficacy of this truly wonderful medicine, read the follow-

GUILFORD, Ohio, August 17, 1848 Brother laborer in the cause of humanity-Dears t is with no small degree of pleasure that I um enabled o announce to you the complete triumph of your intai uable medicine in cases of Epilepsy. I have prescribed it in four instances in this vicinity, and it has been hig ly successful in all. Three of the patients, I trust, have been radically cured. The fourth one is rapidly improving, and will, I think, without doubt recover.
am not in the habit of prescribing or recommending pat ent medicines, but when I see an article which promi-cesso much for the relief of suffering humanity, I feel is my duty to recommend it, and I have no hesitation saving that as soon as the faculty are fully acquainte with the real merit of your medicine, they will close their eyes against prejudice and lend you a helping hand. I subscribe myself, yours, sincerely, (Signed) W. L. MONROE, M. D.

ing letter from Dr. W. L. Monroe, of Guilford.

Ohio, one of the most eminent physicians in that

To Dr. S. Hart, New York. The time is not far distant when thousands who are now trembling under the hand of this dreadful disease, and fearing that every attack may prove fatal will find permanent relicf and be restored to new life, by using this celebrated medicine. Over one thousand certificates have been received in testimony of the beneficial results produced by the use of Dr. Hart's Vegetable Extract.

Prepared by S. Hart, M. D., New York. Price, one package, Do. four packages, Do. eight packages, 20 00 It is carefully packed up in boxes for transportation, and sent to any part of the United States, Texas, Mexico, and West Indies.

THOMAS & MILES, Cincinnati, Ohio, Agents, United States. A. B. & D. SANDS, New York; WILLIAM SHAW, Wilmington, N. C; Handand, Hande & Co., Charleston, S. C.; and for sale by most of the principal Druggists throughout the United States. April 6th, 1849 .- [30-lyeow

FOR SALE. A very fine Buggy and Harness, having only been used a short time, will be sold very cheap by PERRIN & HARTSFIELD. MOLASSES.

50 bbls new crop Molasses. For sale by HOWARD & PEDEN. NOTICE. IT having been reported that my securities are obliged to convey their property to avoid

paying my debts, I do hereby most positively assert that such report is utterly false; and now give notice for all persons to whom I owe anything to come forward and get their money, as I am prepared to pay them. T. M. RODGERS. Black River, New Hanover co., N. C., 39-41* June 8th, 1849

TEN DOLLARS REWARD. RUNAWAY from the subscriber, sometime in March last, a negro boy named HENRY, stout built, and dark complected, about 19 years of age. Said boy was originally from Moore county, but had been in possession of Mr. ENOCH HAWES, of Bladen county, for the last three years previous to last March, and it is probable that he is lurking in the neighborhood of Mr. HAWES' plantation,

or in the neighborhood of the ANDREWS', in Bladen county. Any person restoring the said boy to me, on Moore's Creek, New Hanover county, or lodgin him in Jail, so that I can get him, will be entitled

June 15 .- [40-tf] JAMES P. MOORE. SECRETARY, BUREAUS AND BOCK CASES. All combined in one beautiful and ornamental

brary. For sale at the New York Furniture Warehouse. G & W A GWYER. WASHINGTON HOTEL,

(LATE HANOVER HOUSE,) FRONT STREET, WILMINGTON, N. C. THIS HOUSE has lately been re-opened, under the superintendance of the undersigned, who have given it a thorough overhauling, and newly furnished it throughout. They pledge themselves that nothing shall be wanting, on their part, to render the patron satisfied and comfortable.

Their Table and Chambers are as well furnished, and attended on by as faithful servants as can be found in any other Hotel in the Southern States. The Omnibus will be found ready at the Cars and Steamboats, carrying baggage, free, to and from the Hotel. **BUTCHINS & MASALON**

January 19, 1849 -[19-1yuoo OLD NASH BRANDY.

5 bbls very superior old Nash Brandy. For HOWARD & PEDEN. sale by

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